

Building the Maui Smart Grid

Asia Pacific Clean Energy Summit and Expo

Power Generation & Efficiency Concurrent Session Smart Grid Demonstrations in the Test Bed

> Honolulu, Hawaii August 13, 2012

Leon R. Roose Hawaii Natural Energy Institute



Clean Energy <u>Opportunities</u> in Hawaii are Abundant

























Rapid Development of Renewable Resources Today

Wind

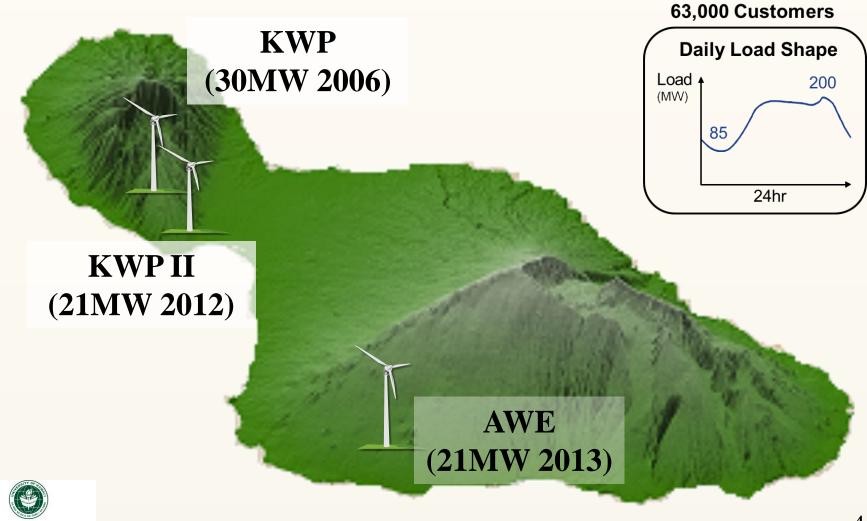




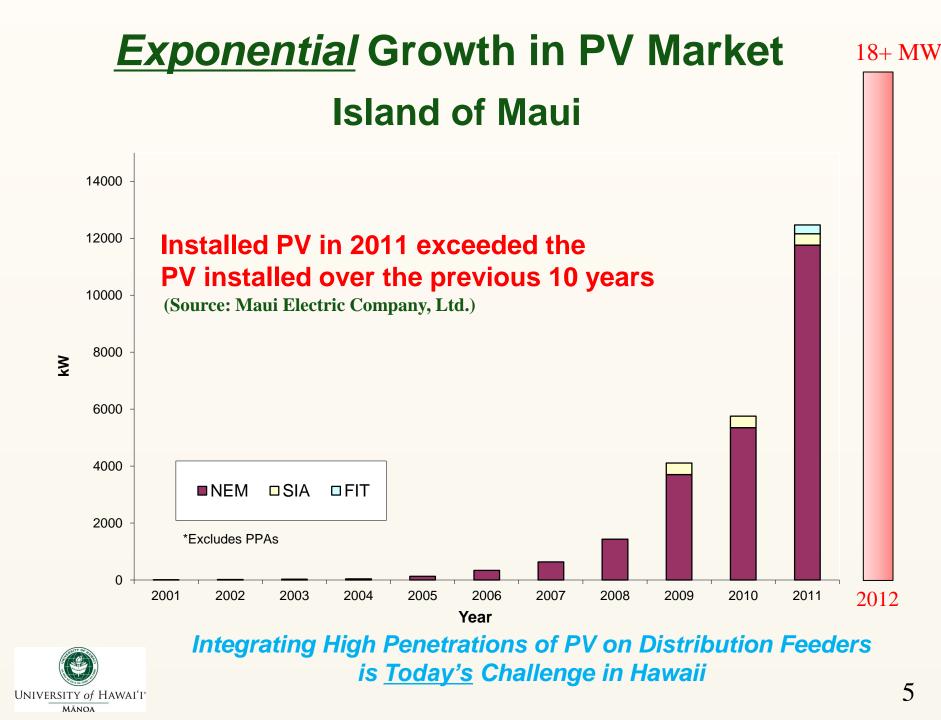




The Maui island Experience 72 MW of Wind Power



UNIVERSITY of HAWAI'I'



Electrifying Transportation

OKINAWA EV Charging Spot



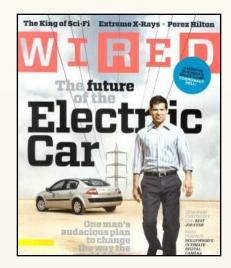


- 1/3 of oil imported for ground transportation
- Driving electric vehicles are ...
 - a good fit for Hawaii
 - cleaner (less CO2)
 - cheaper
 - Mitsubishi "i" @ 9 cents/mile (30 cents/KWh electricity)
 - Avg. Gas Car @ 20 cents/mile

(\$4/gal gas; 20 mi/gal)







Making of the Maui Smart Grid

- Maui Smart Grid Demonstration Project (2009) ~\$12 M
 - US DOE funded, HNEI led project to integrate smart grid technology to achieve reduced peak load on a distribution circuit and better management of intermittent renewable energy
- Japan-US Island Grid Project (2011) ~\$40 M
 - NEDO funded, Hitachi led project to integrate high levels of PV, wind energy, and EV into an island wide smart grid environment
- Smart Grid-Enabled PV Inverters (2012) ~\$12 M
 - US DOE funded, HNEI led project to develop and demonstrate advanced PV inverter functionality in a smart grid environment

Three projects have partners in common and propose to share hardware, results, and lessons learned



Maui Smart Grid Demonstration Project (2009)

- · Funded by US DOE with cost share from partners
- Implement advanced communications and control technologies to improve grid performance
- Demonstrate new "Smart Grid" technologies to:
 - Reduce peak demand by 15%
 - Better integrate wind and solar power
 - Improve grid reliability

Inform consumer demand decisions







Maui Electric Company, Ltd.





Hawaiian Electric Company

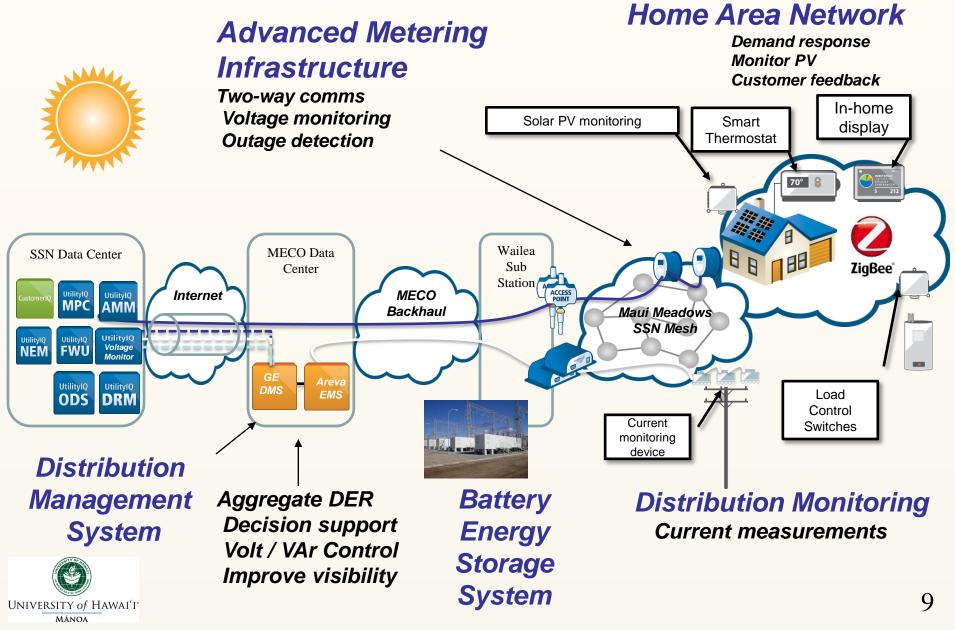








Project will Manage Distributed Energy Resources (DER) to Support Grid Operations



Development and Demonstration of Smart Grid PV Inverters (2012)

- Enable high-penetration residential PV
- Lower grid integration costs
- Demonstrate benefits of inverter control in differing applications





Principal Investigator – Program management and analysis of benefits and impacts of intelligent inverter control capability

Technology Lead – Provide end-to-end, standards based, intelligent communications for inverter control

Inverter Technology Lead – Provide inverter with advanced grid functionality (AGF)

Services Lead – Provide system installation, training, and customer support

Co-Utility Leads – Assess capability of inverter AGF to mitigate PV variability impact on distribution feeder and provide other utility benefits





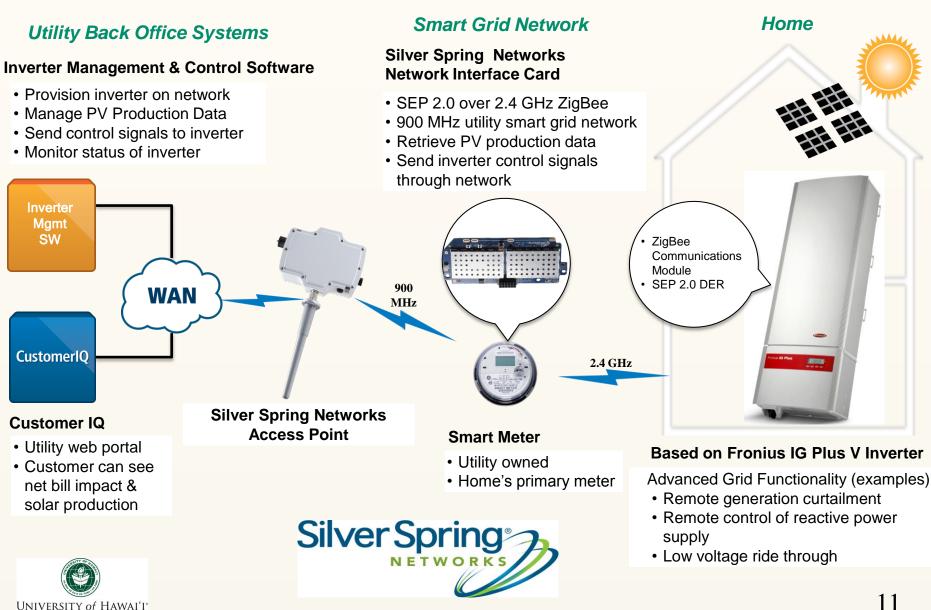
Maui Electric Company, Ltd.





Hawaiian Electric Company

Solution Architecture



MĀNOA

Japan – United States Smart Grid Demonstration Project (2011)



Sandia National

aboratories







New Energy and Industrial Technology Development Organization



Inspire the Next

HITACHI CONSORTIUM

MIZHO

Other supporting partners Nissan Motor Co., Ltd. Advanced Energy Company U.S. Verizon Gr. Okinawa Electric Power Co.



Pacific Northwest

NATIONAL LABORATORY

Hawaii Natural Energy Institute

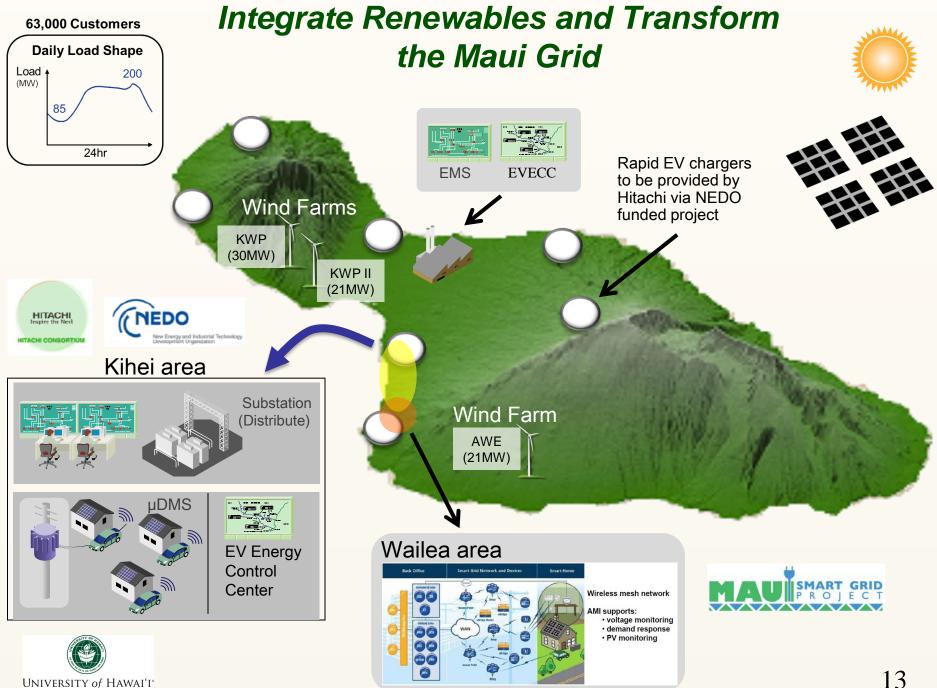






Hawaiian Electric Company

Maui Electric Company



MĀNOA

Bottom Line

- Paradigm shift energy insecurity energy security
- Total energy cost (electricity & transportation) lowered and stabilized using renewable energy in place of oil
- Hawaii is an ideal working 'lab' to prove concepts and learn lessons about advanced energy technologies
- Hawaii as a national and international leader
 - Increasing energy independence
 - Reducing fossil-fuel use
 - Limiting greenhouse gases

Opportunity for Hawaii to Establish a Clean Energy Economy







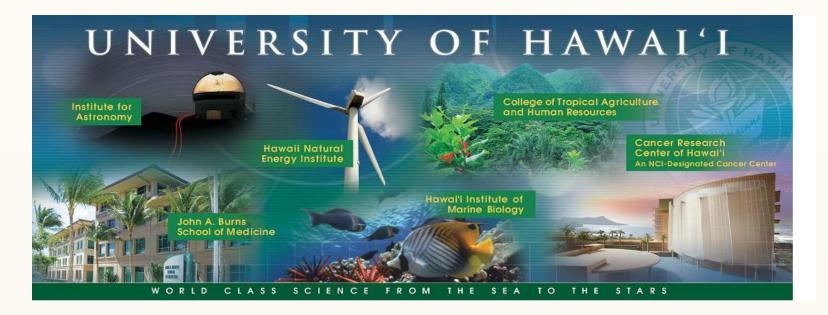




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- Established in 1907
- 3 universities & 7 community colleges
- Over 53,000 students
- Manoa is the largest and main research campus
 - 14,000 undergraduate students
 - 6,000 graduate students

Hawaii Natural Energy Institute (HNEI)

- Organized research unit in School of Ocean and Earth Science and Technology, University of Hawaii at Manoa
- In existence since 1974. Established in statute in 2006 with mandate to develop renewable sources of energy and to demonstrate and deploy efficient energy end-use technologies
- Program Objectives
 - Research and development of new energy technologies
 - Testing and evaluation of emerging technologies
 - Research to support renewable energy deployment
 - Energy assessments and policy development
 - Develop and manage research partnerships to leverage investment in Hawaii
 - Contribute to STEM and workforce development

HNEI programs are multi-disciplinary efforts with strong collaboration and cost share from industry

HNEI Program Areas

- Hydrogen:
 - Hawaii Hydrogen Power Park
- Fuel Cells:
 - Testing and systems optimization
- Photovoltaics:
 - Thin film solar cells, deployment, testing, and analysis
- Electrochemical Power Systems:
 - Batteries and electric vehicles
- Ocean Resources:
 - Seabed methane hydrates, ocean thermal and wave energy
- Biofuels and biotechnology:
 - Biomass conversion solid, liquid and gaseous fuels
 - Biofuels fit-for-use
- Grid Analysis and Smart Grids
- Technology Validation, Energy Assessment and Policy







