

HAWAII STATE ENERGY OFFICE STATE OF HAWAII

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Testimony of MARK B. GLICK, Chief Energy Officer

before the

SENATE COMMITTEES ON ENERGY & INTERGOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS AND AGRICULTURE & ENVIRONMENT

Thursday, February 6, 2025 3:10 PM State Capitol, Conference Room 016 and Videoconference

In Support of SENATE BILL NO. 1339

RELATING TO A PROGRAM TO CHARACTERIZE CARBON SEQUESTRATION POTENTIAL AND UNDERGROUND WATER RESOURCES STATEWIDE.

Chairs Wakai and Gabbard, Vice Chairs Chang and Richards, and members of the Committees, I am writing in strong support of Senate Bill No. 1339, a Green Administration and DBEDT Priority Bill which conducts statewide research to identify the location and temperature of underground water resources as well as the potential for carbon sequestration.

Such slim-hole test wells are a high priority of Hawai'i's updated energy strategy because of the potential to clearly identify where geothermal resources might exist on Maui, Hawai'i, and O'ahu. The ultimate goal is to stimulate private sector investment in producing safe, reliable and affordable firm renewable energy that can make Hawai'i energy self-sufficient.

The Hawai'i State Energy Office (HSEO) supports SB 1339 as our preferred bill on slim-hole resource characterization research. This bill amends chapter 196 HRS to include a carbon sequestration and underground water resource characterization program implemented by HSEO, including a statewide environmental assessment and

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meetings with nearby counties and communities that are crucial in local determination of how public trust resources like geothermal can be appropriately pursued.

This measure also requires HSEO to submit a progress report, findings, and any proposed legislation resulting from the research findings to the legislature. To effectively and broadly conduct this research, HSEO requests \$16,500,000 for fiscal years 2025-2026 and the same sum for fiscal years 2026-2027 to carry out this program. SB 1339 also includes HSEO's request for \$135,000 for fiscal year 2025-2026 and the same sum for fiscal year 2026-2027 to support one full-time equivalent permanent position to be dedicated to coordinating this program.

In 2023, HSEO analyzed market gaps in firm renewable resources and long duration storage, especially geothermal and pumped hydro, and developed policies and pursued funding opportunities to fill those gaps. Geothermal energy is heat that was generated during the planet's formation stored in rocks and fluids and brought as steam to the earth's surface using deep wells. The steam drives turbines to generate electricity. The slim-hole research of water resources through this measure can reveal where hot water sufficient to power electricity generation may be present in key areas throughout the state. This program will also deliver core samples that may reveal the potential for carbon sequestration.

The Center for Strategic and International Studies notes that, like solar and wind energy, modern geothermal power plants have insignificant greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions with life-cycle emissions six to twenty times lower than natural gas and four times lower than solar photovoltaic (PV) energy due to the materials used to construct the plants.

Concurrently, HSEO will engage energy stakeholders at the community level during 2025 and beyond to gain insight on how and where geothermal development can appropriately take place in ways that meaningfully benefit the affected communities.

Several obstacles have limited Hawai'i from fully developing its geothermal potential. Geothermal exploration is commercially risky and expensive. Developers have to drill multiple exploration wells before finding a reliable geothermal resource, and sometimes they do not find one at all. Private investors usually cannot mitigate and manage this risk independently.

Given the importance of geothermal in helping Hawai'i meet its firm renewable needs, government support to identify areas of geothermal potential is an appropriate first step towards incentivizing private sector investment and development of state-of-the-art geothermal resources. SB1339 provides that needed support.

Thank you for the opportunity to testify.